

ABSTRAK

Latar belakang : COVID- 19 merupakan virus yang dikenal dengan severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus- 2(SARS- CoV-2). Pasien dengan komorbid hipertensi lebih berisiko untuk mengalami terinfeksi virus Covid-19 dan berkontribusi terhadap sebagian besar kasus kematian pada Covid-19. Penerapan protokol kesehatan harus dilakukan oleh masyarakat, terutama pada pasien komorbid hipertensi karena pasien hipertensi memiliki risiko 2,109 kali lebih tinggi. **Tujuan Penelitian:** Tujuan penelitian ini untuk mengetahui Penerapan Protokol Kesehatan Pencegahan Covid-19 pada Pasien Komorbid hipertensi di Puskesmas Ibum Kabupaten Bandung. **Metode Penelitian:** Jenis penelitian deskriptif, populasi pada penelitian sebanyak 50 pasien hipertensi yang tergabung dalam prolans dengan sampel 40, tehnik pengambilan sample adalah *total sampling*, data di analisis dengan analisa univariat. **Hasil Penelitian:** Hasil penelitian didapatkan sebagian besar dari responden (65%) menerapkan protokol kesehatan pencegahan covid-19 dengan baik, karena tingginya edukasi dan informasi tentang protokol kesehatan baik dari pemerintah ataupun saat menjalani program prolans. **Simpulan dan Saran:** Simpulannya sebagian besar responden memiliki penerapan protokol kesehatan yang baik. Saran dalam penelitian ini diharapkan puskesmas tetap memberikan dan mengevaluasi edukasi tentang penerapan protokol kesehatan pencegahan covid-19 terutama pada pasien hipertensi.

Kata Kunci : Covid-19, Hipertensi, Protokol Kesehatan
Daftar Pustaka : 21 Buku (2012-2022)
11 Jurnal (2017-2021)
5 Website (2019-2022)

ABSTRACT

Background: COVID-19 is a virus known as severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus-2 (SARS-CoV-2). Patients with comorbid hypertension are more at risk of being infected with the Covid-19 virus and contribute to most cases of death in Covid-19. The implementation of health protocols must be carried out by the community, especially in hypertension comorbid patients because hypertensive patients have a 2,109 times higher risk. **Objective:** The purpose of this study was to determine the implementation of the Covid-19 Prevention Health Protocol in Hypertensive Comorbid Patients at the Ibun Health Center, Bandung Regency. **Research Methods:** In the descriptive research type, the population in the study was 50 hypertensive patients who were members of prolanis with a sample of 40, the sampling technique was total sampling, and the data were analyzed by univariate analysis. **Results:** The results showed that most of the respondents (65%) implemented the Covid-19 prevention health protocol well, due to the high level of education and information about health protocols either from the government or when undergoing the prolonged program. **Conclusion and Suggestions:** In conclusion, almost all respondents have a good application of health protocols. Suggestions in this study are that it is hoped that the puskesmas will continue to provide and evaluate education about the application of health protocols to prevent covid-19, especially in hypertensive patients.

Keyword : Covid-19, Hypertension, Health Protocol
Bibliography : 21 Book (2012-2022)
11 Journal (2017-2021)
5 Website (2019-2022)