

Gambaran Tingkat Pengetahuan Pasien Tentang Persiapan Pra Anestesi di Ruang Rawat RSUD Bayu Asih Purwakarta

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ABSTRAK

Persiapan pra anestesi sangatlah penting sebelum pasien akan menjalani operasi, karena dengan persiapan pra anestesi ini dapat mengurangi resiko pasien ketika ter anestesi dan menentukan jenis anestesi yang paling efektif bagi pasien. Tujuan umum dari penelitian ini untuk mengetahui Gambaran Tingkat Pengetahuan Pasien Tentang Persiapan Pra Anestesi berdasarkan pendidikan dan riwayat operasi pasien di RSUD Bayu Asih Purwakarta. Metode penelitian ini menggunakan kuantitatif dengan pendekatan deskriptif, jumlah populasi sebanyak 38 responden pada pasien yang akan menjalani operasi. Teknik pengambilan sampel menggunakan *accidental sampling*, alat instrument menggunakan kuesioner yang di isi oleh pasien dan data di Analisa dengan SPSS. Hasil penelitian menggambarkan tingkat pengetahuan pasien tentang persiapan pra anestesi di ruang rawat RSUD Bayu Asih Purwakarta didapatkan tingkat pengetahuan baik sebanyak 19 responden (50.0%), dan tingkat pengetahuan cukup sebanyak 12 responden (31,6%), sedangkan tingkat pengetahuan kurang sebanyak 7 responden (18.4%), dari 38 responden. Tingkat pendidikan dan pengalaman seseorang dapat mempengaruhi daya tangkap terhadap pengetahuan, dan kemudian mempengaruhi seseorang dalam menghadapi suatu kejadian

Kata Kunci : Persiapan pra anestesi, Tingkat Pengetahuan, Pra Anestesi

***Overview of Patient's Knowledge Level about Pre-Anesthesia
Preparation in the Hospitalization Room of Bayu Asih Purwakarta
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ABSTRACT

Pre-anesthesia preparation is very important before the patient will undergo surgery, because this pre-anesthesia preparation can reduce the patient's risk when anesthetized and determine the type of anesthesia that is most effective for the patient. The general objective of this study was to determine the description of the patient's knowledge level about pre-anesthesia preparation based on education and the patient's surgical history at Bayu Asih Purwakarta Hospital. This research method uses quantitative with a descriptive approach, the population of 38 respondents in patients who will undergo surgery. The sampling technique uses accidental sampling, the instrument uses a questionnaire filled in by the patient and the data is analyzed with SPSS. The results of the study describe the level of patient knowledge about pre-anesthesia preparation in the hospital room of Bayu Asih Purwakarta Hospital obtained a good level of knowledge as many as 19 respondents (50.0%), and a sufficient level of knowledge as many as 12 respondents (31.6%), while the level of knowledge is less as many as 7 respondents (18.4%), out of 38 respondents. The level of education and experience of a person can affect the capacity to capture knowledge, and then affect a person in dealing with an event.

Keywords: Pre-anesthesia preparation, Knowledge level, Pre-anesthe