

ABSTRAK

ASUHAN KEPERAWATAN PADA ANAK DENGAN BRONKOPNEUMONIA DI RUANG SRIKANDI RS NURHAYATI GARUT

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Pendahuluan: bronkopneumonia merupakan suatu peradangan yang dialami oleh paru-paru dan menjangkiti satu ataupun sejumlah lobus paru yang dapat dilihat dari terdapatnya bercak *infiltrate*. Berdasarkan data di ruang srikandi RS Nurhayati Garut bulan januari-februari 2024 terdapat 8 pasien bronkopneumonia. Bronkopneumonia menempati urutan kedua sebagai penyebab kematian balita didunia. **Metode:** penelitian yang digunakan adalah studi kasus. **Hasil:** Pengkajian didapatkan data subyektif yaitu ibu anak mengatakan anak panas disertai dengan batuk grok-grok disertai diare. Data obyektif yang diperoleh dari pemeriksaan fisik yaitu anak rewel suhu 38,5C, frekuensi napas 33x/menit, Nadi 133x/menit. Diagnosa keperawatan yang muncul yaitu bersihan jalan napas tidak efektif, hipertermi, pola napas tidak efektif dan risiko defisit nutrisi. Implementasi yang diberikan berdasarkan intervensi 3x8 jam dan di evaluasi setelah dilakukan implementasi. **Kesimpulan:** implementasi keperawatan yang dilakukan secara observasi, mandiri, edukasi dan kolaborasi disesuaikan dengan intervensi yang telah diambil dari SIKI 2019 agar mencapai tujuan yang diharapkan. Peneliti melakukan implementasi disesuaikan dengan kondisi klien selama 3 hari perawatan.

Kata kunci: Asuhan Keperawatan, Anak, Bronkopneumonia

ABSTRACT

NURSING CARE FOR CHILDREN WITH BRONCHOPNEUMONIA IN THE SRIKANDI ROOM OF RS NURHAYATI GARUT

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Introduction: *bronchopneumonia is an inflammation experienced by the lungs and infects one or a number of lung lobes which can be seen from the presence of infiltrate spots. Based on data in the heroine room at Nurhayati Garut Hospital in January-February 2024, there were 8 bronchopneumonia patients. Bronchopneumonia ranks second as the cause of death of children under five in the world.* **Method:** *the research used is a case study.* **Results:** *The study obtained subjective data, namely the child's mother said the child was not accompanied by a grok-grok cough accompanied by diarrhea. Objective data obtained from physical examination is that the child is fussy, temperature is 38.5C, breathing frequency is 33x/minute, pulse is 133x/minute. The nursing diagnoses that emerged were ineffective airway clearance, hyperthermia, ineffective breathing patterns and risk of nutritional deficit. The implementation provided is based on a 3x8 hour intervention and is evaluated after implementation.* **Conclusion:** *nursing implementation carried out through observation, independently, education and collaboration is adapted to the interventions taken from SIKI 2019 in order to achieve the expected goals. The researcher implemented the implementation according to the client's condition during the 3 days of treatment.*

Key words: *Nursing care, Children, Bronchopneumonia*