

ABSTRAK

Gambaran Penggunaan Obat TB Pada Pasien Poliklinik Rawat Jalan TB DOTS di salah satu Rumah Sakit swasta Kota Tasikmalaya Periode Januari – Maret 2022

Tuberkulosis adalah penyakit menular yang disebabkan oleh *Tuberculosis bacillus mycobacterium* yang biasanya akan mempengaruhi paru-paru (TB paru) dan dapat juga mempengaruhi daerah luar paru (TB ekstraparu). Berdasarkan *Global Tuberculosis Report 2015* yang dirilis oleh WHO, sebanyak 58% kasus TB baru terjadi di Asia Tenggara, Indonesia menempati peringkat kedua bersama Tiongkok. Satu juta kasus baru pertahun diperkirakan terjadi di Indonesia (WHO, 2015). Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui penggunaan obat TB pada pasien Poliklinik Rawat Jalan TB DOTS di salah satu Rumah Sakit swasta kota Tasikmalaya periode Januari-Maret 2022.

Metode penelitian ini merupakan penelitian observasional deskriptif. Populasi pasien TB yang melakukan pengobatan di Poliklinik Rawat Jalan TB DOTS di salah satu Rumah Sakit swasta Kota Tasikmalaya Periode Januari–Maret 2022 yaitu sebanyak 209 pasien.

Hasil penelitian presentase pasien laki-laki 111 (53,11%) dan perempuan 98 (46,89%). Obat TB yang digunakan yaitu Kategori I sebanyak 43,53 %, Kategori II 0% dan Kategori Anak 56,65%. Proses pengobatan TB paru pada pasien dewasa dan pasien anak yaitu pengobatan lancar sebanyak 166 pasien (79,43%), pengobatan berhenti 30 pasien (14,35%) dan yang di rujuk sebanyak 13 pasien (6,22%).

Kata Kunci: *Tuberculosis*, Pengobatan TB, TB Paru, TB Ekstra Paru

ABSTRACT

Overview of the use of TB drugs in TB DOTS Outpatient Polyclinic Patients at a Private Hospital in the city of Tasikmalaya for the period January – March 2022.

Tuberculosis is an infectious disease caused by Tuberculosis bacillus mycobacterium which usually affects the lungs (pulmonary TB) and can also affect areas outside the lungs (extrapulmonary TB). Based on the 2015 Global Tuberculosis Report released by WHO, as many as 58% of new TB cases occurred in Southeast Asia, Indonesia ranks second with China. One million new cases per year are estimated to occur in Indonesia (WHO, 2015). The purpose of this study was to determine the use of TB drugs in outpatient TB DOTS at a private Hospital in the City of Tasikmalaya for the period January-March 2022.

This research method is a descriptive observational research. The population of TB patients who received treatment at the TB DOTS Outpatient at a private Hospital in the City of Tasikmalaya for the period January-March 2022, as many as 209 patients.

The results showed that the percentage of male patients was 111 (53.11%) and female patients were 98 (46.89%). TB drugs used are Category I as much as 43.53%, Category II 0% and Category Children 56.65%. The treatment process for pulmonary TB in adult patients and pediatric patients was smooth treatment as many as 166 patients (79.43%), treatment stopped 30 patients (14.35%) and who were referred as many as 13 patients (6.22%).

Keywords: Tuberculosis, TB Treatment, Pulmonary TB, Extra Pulmonary TB