

PENYIMPANAN DAN PENANDAAN OBAT OBAT HIGH ALERT DI SALAH SATU RUMAH SAKIT SWASTA DI BANDUNG

ABSTRACT

Permenkes RI No72/2016 Tentang Standar Pelayanan Kefarmasian di Rumah Sakit, mengharuskan suatu Rumah Sakit untuk mengembangkan kebijakan tentang pengelolaan obat untuk meningkatkan keamanan obat-obat yang perlu diwaspadai (high-alert medications). High Alert medication adalah Obat yang harus diwaspadai karena sering menyebabkan terjadi kesalahan/kesalahan serius (sentinel event), obat yang berisiko tinggi menyebabkan dampak yang tidak diinginkan. Diantaranya: Look Alike Sound Alike/LASA, Elektrolit konsentrasi tinggi, Obat-Obat sitostatika. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah Untuk mengetahui presentase gambaran penyimpanan dan penandaan obat-obat high alert diantaranya LASA (Look A like Sound Alike), Elektrolit konsentrat tinggi, kategori obat risiko tinggi di salah satu rumah sakit swasta di Bandung. Hasil penelitian Diharapkan dapat menjadi masukan bagi perkembangan kefarmasian di Rumah Sakit dan menambah kajian ilmu managerial farmasi dalam pengelolaan obat-obat high alert, Memberikan informasi yang bermanfaat bagi tenaga kesehatan terutama tenaga kefarmasian untuk lebih memahami obat-obat High Alert dalam meningkatkan pelayanan yang maksimal kepada pasien. Dalam penelitian ini digunakan metode penelitian survei deskriptif untuk menggambarkan persentase penyimpanan obat-obat High Alert di Instalasi Farmasi Rumah Sakit Swasta di kota Bandung. Data hasil pengamatan dianalisa menggunakan lembar cek list. Berdasarkan Hasil penelitian dapat disimpulkan bahwa kesesuaian penandaan dan penyimpanan obat-obat high alert yang sudah sesuai standar sebesar 76,9% dan masih ada 24,5% belum sesuai standar.

Kata Kunci: Cek List, penyimpanan, penandaan, daftar Obat-obat High Alert, Instalasi Farmasi

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Permenkes RI No72/2016 on Standard Pharmaceutical Services in Hospitals, requires a hospital to develop policies on drug management to increase the safety of high-alert medications. High Alert medication is a drug that must be watched out for because it often causes serious errors / errors (sentinel event), drugs that have a high risk of causing unwanted effects. Among them: Look Alike Sound Alike / LASA, High concentration electrolyte ,. Cytostatic Drugs. The purpose of this study was to determine the percentage description of storage and marking of high alert drugs including LASA (Look A like Sound Alike), high concentrated electrolytes, a high-risk drug category in a private hospital in Bandung. Research results are expected to be an input for the development of pharmacy in hospitals and add to the study of pharmaceutical managerial science in the management of high alert drugs, providing useful information for health workers, especially pharmaceutical workers, to better understand High Alert drugs in improving maximum service to patients. In this study, a descriptive survey research method was used to describe the percentage of storage of High Alert drugs in the Private Hospital Pharmacy Installation in the city of Bandung. Observation data were analyzed using the check list sheet. Based on the results of the study it can be concluded that the suitability of the marking and storage of high alert drugs that are according to the standard is 76.9% and there are still 24.5% not according to the standard

Keywords: Checklist, storage, labeling, High Alert Medicines list, Pharmacy Installation