

ABSTRAK

Angka kejadian BBLR masih tinggi, dari data yang didapatkan lebih dari 20 juta bayi yang lahir di dunia memiliki berat badan lahir rendah. Banyak faktor yang mempengaruhi BBLR, salah satunya yaitu antenatal care. Antenatal care sangat penting dilakukan untuk memantau tumbuh kembang janin, ibu hamil yang tidak melakukan antenatal care berpotensi untuk melahirkan bayi BBLR dikarenakan tidak mendapatkan pendidikan kesehatan mengenai cara merawat janin, selain itu penyulit kehamilan juga tidak terdeteksi. Tujuan penelitian ini mengetahui Hubungan Antenatal Care dengan Kejadian BBLR berdasarkan literature review.

Jenis penelitian menggunakan metode literature review dengan pendekatan *systematic review* dengan populasi sebanyak 9.259 jurnal yang diakses dari situs *Google Scholar*, *PubMed*, *Science Direct*, dan Portal Garuda, dan sampel yang diambil sebanyak 10 jurnal yang terdiri dari 8 jurnal nasional dan 2 jurnal internasional. Teknik pencarian data disajikan dalam *prisma flow diagram*. Instrumen yang digunakan yaitu *Joanna Briggs Institute for Cross Sectional* dan *Joanna Briggs Institute for Case Control*.

Berdasarkan hasil penelitian dari analisis yang telah dilakukan pada 10 jurnal didapatkan 9 jurnal mengatakan Ada Hubungan antara *Antenatal Care* dengan Kejadian Berat Badan Lahir Rendah dan 1 jurnal mengatakan Tidak Ada Hubungan antara *Antenatal Care* dengan Kejadian Berat Badan Lahir Rendah hal ini dikarenakan responden yang terlibat hanya sedikit yang mengakibatkan data yang didapatkan terlalu homogen. Selain itu, desain studi yang digunakan bersifat retrospektif, data responden terkadang tidak lengkap. Karena itu, disarankan responden yang dilibatkan dalam jumlah banyak.

Kata Kunci: *antenatal care*, berat badan lahir rendah

Daftar Pustaka: 21 buku (2010-2016)

19 jurnal (2009-2020)

1 website (2018)

ABSTRACT

The incidence of LBW is still high, from the data obtained by more than 20 million babies born in the world with low birth weight. Many factors influence LBW, one of which is antenatal care. Pregnancy care is very important to care for babies who are growing up, pregnant women who do not take antenatal care who give birth to LBW babies because they do not get health education about how to care for the fetus, it also makes pregnancy difficult. The purpose of investigating the relationship between Antenatal Care and LBW incidence based on literature review.

This type of research uses the literature review method with a systematic review approach with a population of 9,259 journals accessed from the Google Scholar, PubMed, Science Direct, and Garuda Portal sites, and samples taken are 10 journals consisting of 8 national journals and 2 national journals. The data search technique is presented in a prism flow chart. The instruments used were the Joanna Briggs Institute for Cross Sectional and Joanna Briggs Institute for Case Control.

Based on the results of the analysis of research conducted in 10 journals, 9 journals were found. There is a relationship between Antenatal Care and Low Birth Weight Incidents and 1 journal says there is no relationship between Antenatal Care and Low Birth Weight Incidents, this is due to the respondents involved. only a few resulted in the data being too homogeneous. In addition, the study design used is retrospective, sometimes respondent data is incomplete. Because of that, many respondents were involved.

Keywords: antenatal care, low birth weight

Bibliography: 21 books (2010-2016)

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1 website (2018)