

LAMPIRAN

Lampiran 1

Lembar Identifikasi Tumbuhan



INSTITUT TEKNOLOGI BANDUNG SEKOLAH ILMU DAN TEKNOLOGI HAYATI

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Nomor : 1624/11.C02.2/PL/2019,
Hal : Determinasi tumbuhan

27 Maret 2019

Kepada Yth.
Ketua
Sekolah Tinggi Farmasi Bandung
Jalan Sockarno Hatta No. 754
Bandung

Memperhatikan surat permintaan Saudara dalam surat No. 1227/WK1-S1/X/2018 tanggal 17 Oktober 2018 mengenai determinasi tumbuhan, dengan ini kami sampaikan bahwa setelah dilakukan determinasi oleh staf kami, sampel tumbuhan yang diwarnai oleh Sdr. Qosita Aya K. (NIM: 11151118), adalah :

- | | |
|----------------------|--|
| Divisi | : Magnoliophyta |
| Kelas | : Magnoliopsida (Dicotyls) |
| Anak kelas | : Asteridae |
| Bangsa | : Solanales |
| Ordo / familia | : Solanaceae |
| Nama jenis / species | : <i>Capsicum frutescens</i> L. |
| Sinonim | : <i>Capsicum annuum</i> var. <i>frutescens</i> (L.) Kuntze |
| Nama umum | : Cabai rawa (Indonesia) |
| Buku acuan | : 1. Djarwaringih, T. 1983. Pemertanian jenis-jenis cabai (<i>Capsicum</i> spp.) sebagai tanaman hias. Buletin Keban Raya 6 (2): 45 - 52. |
| | : 2. Djarwaringih, T. 1986. Jenis-jenis <i>Capsicum</i> L. (Solanaceae) di Indonesia. Berita Biologi 3 (5): 225 - 228. |
| | : 3. Djarwaringih, T. 2005. <i>Capsicum</i> spp. (Cabai): Asal, Persebaran dan Nilai Ekonomik. Biodiversitas 6(4): 292 - 296. |
| | : 4. Cronquist, A. 1981. An Integrated System of Classification of Flowering Plants. Columbia University Press, New York, pp. Xii - Xviii. |

Demikian yang kami sampaikan. Atas perhatian dan kerjasamanya yang diberikan, kami ucapkan terima kasih.



Dikirim Dekan Bidang Sumber Daya,

Dr. Haniati
NIP. 19620507194832001

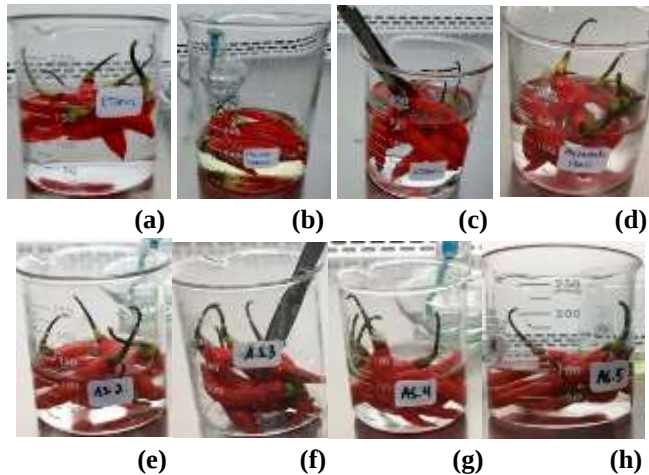
Tembusan:
Dekan SITH ITB, sebagai laporan.

Lampiran 2

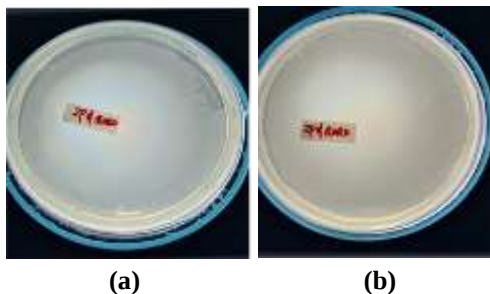
Pembuatan Medium *Nutrient Agar* (NA)

Media *Nutrient Broth* (NB) ditimbang sebanyak 1,6 gram ditambah 4 gram agar bacteriological kemudian dilarutkan dalam 200mL Reverse osmosis-Water dan dipanaskan. Selanjutnya media yang sudah jadi disterilkan dalam autoklaf pada suhu 121°C tekanan 2 atm selama 15 menit.

Lampiran 3 Isolasi Bakteri Endofit



Sterilisasi permukaan cabai rawit dengan perendaman
 (a) etanol 70%, (b) Natrium Hipoklorit 2,5%, (c) etanol,
 (d-h) akuades steril.



Pengamatan pertumbuhan cabai rawit yang telah disterilkan
 (a) adanya pertumbuhan koloni dan (b) tidak adanya
 pertumbuhan koloni

Lampiran 4 Isolasi Bakteri Endofit



(a)



(b)

Uji Sterilitas Jaringan Cabai Rawit

- (a) media NA berisikan akuades sterilis bilasan ke-5
serta (b) cabai rawit yang sudah steril



(a)



(b)



(c)



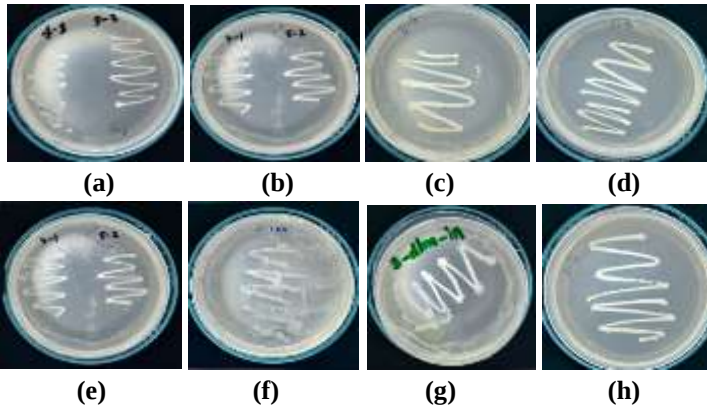
(d)



(e)

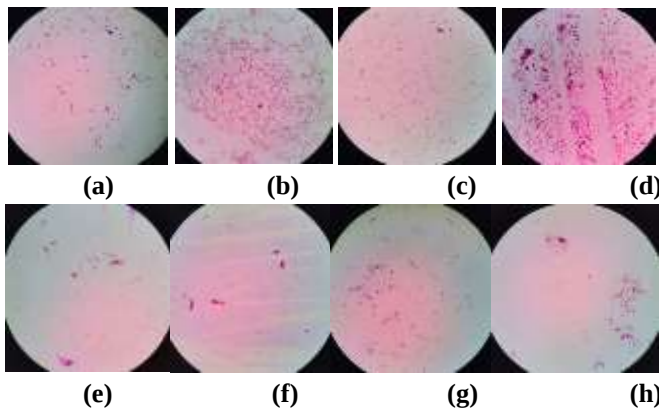
- Isolasi bakteri endofit dengan pengenceran berseri
(a) kultur stock, (b) 10^{-1} , (c) 10^{-2} , (d) 10^{-3} dan (e) 10^{-4}

Lampiran 5
Identifikasi Bakteri Endofit



Isolat bakteri endofit cabai rawit

(a) BE1, (b) BE2, (c) BE3,
(d) BE4, (e) BE5, (f) BE6, (g) BE7, dan (h) BE8



Hasil pewarnaan Gram isolat bakteri endofit cabai rawit

(a) BE1, (b) BE2, (c) BE3,
(d) BE4, (e) BE5, (f) BE6, (g) BE7, dan (h) BE8

Lampiran 7

Desain Primer dan Analisis *in silico*



(a)



(b)

Evaluasi primer

(a) forward 8F (b) Reverse 1429R menggunakan situs <http://www.sciencelauncher.com/oligocalc.html>

OligoCalc: Oligonucleotide Properties Calculator

Sequences: GGA GTT TGA TCA CTC AG

Reverse: [button]

Physical Constants:

Length:	10 bp	Weight:	6600 Da
GC Content:	50%	GC Content:	50%
GC Content:	50%	GC Content:	50%
GC Content:	50%	GC Content:	50%

Check Self-Complementarity: [button]

(a)

OligoCalc: Oligonucleotide Properties Calculator

Sequences: GGA GTT TGA TCA CTC AG

Reverse: [button]

Physical Constants:

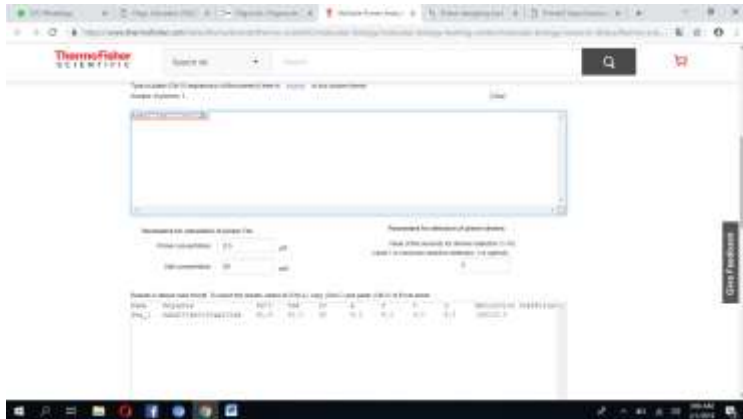
Length:	10 bp	Weight:	6600 Da
GC Content:	50%	GC Content:	50%
GC Content:	50%	GC Content:	50%
GC Content:	50%	GC Content:	50%

Check Self-Complementarity: [button]

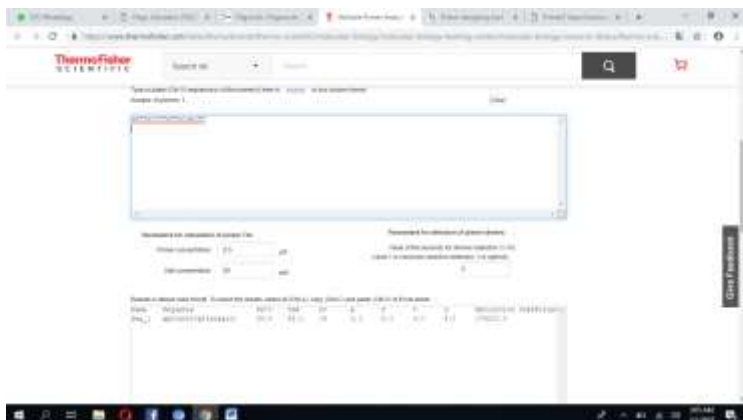
(b)

Evaluasi primer

(a) forward 8F (b) Reverse 1429R menggunakan situs
<http://biotools.nubic.northwestern.edu/OligoCalc.html>



(a)



(b)

Evaluasi primer

(a) forward 8F (b) Reverse 1429R menggunakan situs <https://www.thermofisher.com/id/en/home/brands/thermo-scientific/molecular-biology/molecular-biology-learning-center/molecular-biology-resource-library/thermo-scientific-web-tools/multiple-primer-analyzer.html>

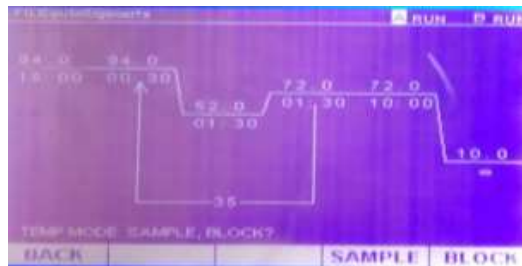
Lampiran 9 Amplifikasi DNA



(a)



(b)



(c)

(a) *Thermocycler* (b) Menempatkan tube pada *Thermocycler* (c)
Suhu pada proses amplifikasi PCR





Usage Information

1. Standard Application

Reagents to be Supplied by the User

- PCR Amplification Mix (Cat # C100), C100ES
- Nuclease-Free Water (Cat # F100)
- Hotstart primers
- DNA template
- Template DNA

1. In a sterile, nuclease-free microcentrifuge tube, mix reagents for the following on ice:

Component	Final Volume	Final Concentration
50 Green or Cobalt® GoTaq® Flex Buffer†	10 µl	1X
MgCl ₂ Solution, 25mM	2-4 µl	10-40 µM
PCR Nucleotides Mix, 10mM each	1 µl	0.2mM each dNTP
Hotstart primers	1 µl	0.5-1 µM
GoTaq® DNA Polymerase (50 µg/ml)	0.25 µl	0.1-1 µM
Template DNA	—	1-25 µl
Nuclease-Free Water by Vol	—	—

†These components are added through prior to use.

2. Following a thermal cycle **without a heated lid**, transfer the reaction mix with 1-2 drops (approximately 50 µl) of mineral oil to prevent evaporation during thermal cycling. Denature the reactions in a microcentrifuge for 5 seconds.
3. Perform PCR using your standard procedures. An example profile is given in Table 1. For the cycling protocol, see recommended the following:
 - a. Reactions are placed in a thermal cycler that has been preheated to 95°C.
 - b. The thermal cycling protocol has an initial denaturation step where samples are heated at 95°C for 2 minutes to ensure the target DNA is completely denatured. Initial denaturation of target less than 2 minutes at 95°C is unnecessary and may reduce yields.
 - c. The extension time should be at least 1 minute per target length.

Table 1. Recommended Thermal Cycling Conditions for GoTaq® DNA Polymerase Mediated PCR Amplification. These guidelines are optimal for the Peltier Error Thermal-Cycle model 480 or comparable thermal cycler.

Step	Temperature	Time	Number of Cycles
Initial Denaturation	95°C	2 min/µl	1 cycle
Denaturation	95°C	0.5-1 min/µl	
Annealing	40-60°C*	0.5-1 min/µl	25-35 cycles
Extension	72°C	1 min/µl	
Final Extension	72°C	5 min/µl	1 cycle
Cool	4°C	1 min/µl	1 cycle

*Annealing temperature (optimize) for each primer attached on the primer 5'.

4. Separate the PCR products by agarose gel electrophoresis and visualize with ethidium bromide or any other means. For reactions containing the Green GoTaq® Flex Buffer, heat the amplification reaction into the gel directly after amplification. Reactions containing the Cobalt GoTaq® Flex Buffer also can be loaded directly into the wells of an agarose gel. Heat a loading dye will be added to monitor the progress of electrophoresis.

2. General Considerations

A. Enzyme Concentration

We have found that 1.25 units of GoTaq® DNA Polymerase per 50 µl amplification reaction is sufficient for most applications. Adding extra enzyme generally does not produce significant increases in yield. However, in some cases, more enzyme may be beneficial. Please be aware that excessive amounts of enzyme and excessively long extension times increase the likelihood of generating artifacts during the $3' \rightarrow 5'$ exonuclease activity of the DNA polymerase.

B. Buffer Choice

We recommend using the 50 Green or Cobalt® GoTaq® Flex Buffer for many applications because it will be resistant to various DNA concentrations followed by ethidium bromide staining. The 50 Green GoTaq® Flex Buffer is not recommended for any downstream applications involving detection of fluorescently-labeled products, as the yellow and blue dyes in this buffer buffer may interfere with these applications. The dyes absorb at 255-300nm, making standard A_{260} readings to determine DNA concentration unreliable. Also, the dyes have excitation peaks at 260nm and 280nm, which may interfere with fluorescence measurements. However, for some applications, such as a fluorescent gel assay that uses a 480nm excitation wavelength, dyes screened by this method will have a lightening dye next to the primer corresponding to the yellow dye band. The Green and Cobalt® GoTaq® Flex Buffers give approximately equivalent amplification yields. Balanced preparations between the two buffers may require further optimization.

The reactions going directly from thermal cycler to an application using absorbance or fluorescence, the 50 Cobalt® GoTaq® Flex Buffer is recommended. If both gel electrophoresis and further downstream applications involving absorbance or fluorescence will be used, the two dyes can be used with both the Green GoTaq® Flex Buffers using standard PCR clean-up systems like the Wizard® SV Gel and PCR Clean-Up System (Cat # A940) or Wizard® SV 96 PCR Clean-Up System (Cat # A940).

Both reaction buffers are compatible with common PCR additives such as DMSO and betaine. These additives do not change the color of the Green GoTaq® Flex Buffer or alter dye migration.

C. Primer Design

PCR primers generally range in length from 15 to 30 bases and are designed to flank the region of interest. Primers should contain 40-60% (G + C) and there should be taken to avoid secondary structure primers' internal secondary structure. The 3' ends of primers should not be complementary to avoid the production of primer dimers. Primers should not contain repetitive sequences that may lead to an unwanted polymerase reaction that competes with the desired reaction. Avoid three G or C nucleotides in a row near the 3' end of the primer, as this may result in non-specific primer annealing, increasing the symptoms of inhibition with non-products. Ideally, both primers should have nearly identical melting temperatures (T_m) on the primer. The best primer should anneal roughly at the same temperature. The annealing temperature of the reaction depends on the primer with the lowest T_m . For assistance with calculating the T_m of any primer, a T_m Calculator is provided on the GoTaq® page at the Promega web site at: www.promega.com/techinfo/

D. Amplification Troubleshooting

To overcome low yield or no yield amplifications, e.g., model kit amplifying applications, we recommend the following suggestions:

- **Actual annealing temperature.** The reaction buffer composition affects the melting properties of DNA. Use the T_m Calculator to calculate the annealing temperature for primers in the GoTaq® reaction. (www.promega.com/techinfo/)
- **Minimize the effect of amplification inhibitors.** Some DNA isolation procedures, particularly genomic DNA isolation, can result in contamination by amplification inhibitors. Reduce the volume of template DNA in the reaction, or dilute template DNA prior to adding to reaction. Cleaning samples 1:10000 has been shown to be effective in improving results, depending on initial DNA concentration.
- **Improve template DNA purity.** Include an ethanol precipitation and wash step prior to amplification to remove inhibitors that co-purify with the DNA.
- **Use PCR additives.** Adding PCR-enhancing agents (e.g., DMSO or betaine) may improve yields. General adding agents such as BSA (Catalog # A7020) that contain 0.5-1.0 mg/ml also may help to overcome amplification failure.



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Lampiran 14
Certificate Of Analysis Analysis Diamond

Certificate of Analysis

Chemical Nucleic Acid Dye

Cat.# #17181

Lot# 000000000

Quantity 100mg

Form Powder

Storage Room Temp

Name Chemtec® Nucleic Acid Dye

Type 100mg

Instructions for use of this product can be found in the Chemtec® Nucleic Acid Dye Technical Manual #1718100, available online at www.promega.com/protocols

Description: Chemtec® Nucleic Acid Dye is a fluorescent dye that binds to single and double stranded DNA and RNA and can be used to visualize nucleic acids in gels.

Concentration: 10,000x in DMSO

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C to -15°C long-term. Product may be stored for -10°C to -20°C for up to 12 days. Protect from light at all times.

Usage Note: Although highly sensitive to nucleic acids, this dye does not stain proteins. It is not suitable for use in electrophoresis.

Expiration Date: The product is stable for up to 1 year.



Promega

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Madison, WI 53705
USA
Tel: 608.276.6000
Fax: 608.276.6001
Email: info@promega.com
Web: www.promega.com

Quality Control Analysis

This section contains the following Quality Control Analysis results:

Product ID: #1718100

Lot#: 000000000

Expiration Date: 12/31/2010

Signature: *[Handwritten Signature]*

A. M. M. Quality Control

Lampiran 15

Elektroforesis



(a)



(b)



(b)



(d)

(a) Agarose (b) agarose yang telah membeku (c) alat elektroforesis yang dijalankan pada 100V selama 30 menit (d) Fragmen DNA mulai bergerak

Lampiran 16

Form DNA Sekuensing Hasil PCR



DNA Sequencing Order Form

Collection Time : Order ID Online : 146739 Order Date : 05/07/2019 3:18PM Type of Service : Single Pass DNA Sequencing Type of DNA : Purified PCR Total Template : 5 Total Primer : 2 Total Reaction : 10 Order Remark :	Print Date : 05/07/2019 3:18 pm Customer Name : Mr. ZUBRIANI PUTRI Principal Investigator : Contact No : 082295530116 Mail Address : Jalan Tasikarna Harjo No 75A Sekeloa Timur Farnas Banking, Cileas-Banking, 40114, Indonesia, Atty Mr. ZUBRIANI PUTRI Payment Method : Prepaid Payment Ref No : Payment Comment :
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Template Info

Online Template ID	Template		Total Size (bp)	Total Runs
	Name			
1138052	3		1500	2
1138053	4		1500	2
1138054	5		1500	2
1138055	6		1500	2
1138056	52		1500	2

Primer Info

Online Primer ID	Primer		
	Name	Conc (µM)	Ta (°C)
35K052	BF	10	52
35K053	1492R	10	52

Reaction Info

Online Run ID	Sample Name	Primer Name	Unit Price (Rp)	Remarks
1673844	3	BF	0.00	
1673845	3	1492R	0.00	
1673846	4	BF	0.00	
1673847	4	1492R	0.00	
1673848	5	BF	0.00	
1673849	5	1492R	0.00	
1673850	6	BF	0.00	
1673851	6	1492R	0.00	
1673852	52	BF	0.00	
1673853	52	1492R	0.00	
Subtotal Unit Price			0.00	



Scanned with
CamScanner

Price Quote

Subtotal Price	0.00 (USD)
Tax/Discounts	0.00 (USD)
Total Price	0.00 (USD)

Prices above are indicative only and before prevailing taxes

Note: All samples and sequencing data will be kept confidential. If not specified by the customer, all samples will be discarded 2 weeks after results are released.

