

HUBUNGAN TINGKAT KEGAWATDARURATAN PASIEN DENGAN TINGKAT KECEMASAN KELUARGA PASIEN DI INSTALASI GAWAT DARURAT RSUD KHZ. MUSTHAFA KABUPATEN TASIKMALAYA

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ABSTRAK

Latar Belakang:Pasien yang datang ke IGD akan dilakukan triase. Triase merupakan pasien digolongkan berdasarkan tingkat kegawatdaruratannya. Pengkategorian pasien berdasarkan triase seringkali menimbulkan kecemasan pada keluarga pasien. Kecemasan merupakan kondisi psikologis seseorang dengan rasa takut disertai keluhan fisik. Tujuan penelitian ini untuk mengetahui hubungan tingkat kegawatdaruratan pasien dengan tingkat kecemasan keluarga pasien di IGD RSUD KHZ Musthafa Kabupaten Tasikmalaya. **Metode:**Penelitian ini merupakan jenis penelitian kuantitatif dengan desain penelitian korelasional dan metode *cross sectional*. Pengumpulan data dilakukan dengan kuesioner dengan jumlah responden 300 dengan teknik *aksidental sampling*. Data yang didapat diolah secara statistic menggunakan uji *sommers*. **Hasil:**Berdasarkan analisa yang diperoleh sebanyak 41 responden berada pada ATS 2 mengalami cemas sangat berat, 63 responden pada ATS 3 cemas berat, 47 responden pada ATS 4 cemas sedang, 10 responden pada ATS 5 cemas ringan. Hasil uji *sommers* menunjukan hasil *p value* 0,00 artinya ada hubungan tingkat kegawatdaruratan pasien dengan tingkat kecemasan keluarga pasien di IGD RSI sultan agung semarang. **Simpulan:**Ada hubungan tingkat kegawatdaruratan pasien dengan tingkat kecemasan keluarga pasien di instalasi gawat darurat RSUD KHZ Musthafa Kabupaten Tasikmalaya.

Kata Kunci : IGD, Triase, Kecemasan

**THE RELATIONSHIP OF THE PATIENT'S EMERGENCY LEVEL AND
THE PATIENT'S FAMILY'S ANXIETY LEVEL IN THE EMERGENCY
INSTALLATION OF RSUD KHZ MUSTHAFA TASIKMALAYA
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ABSTRACT

Background: Patients who come to the emergency room will be triaged. Triage is where patients are categorized based on their level of emergency. Categorizing patients based on triage often causes anxiety in the patient's family. Anxiety is a psychological condition of a person with fear accompanied by physical complaints. The purpose of this study was to determine the relationship between the patient's level of emergency and the anxiety level of the patient's family in the emergency room of RSUD KHZ Musthafa Tasikmalaya Regency. **Methods:** This research is a type of quantitative research with correlational research design and cross sectional method. Data collection was carried out by questionnaire with a total of 300 respondents with accidental sampling technique. The data obtained were statistically processed using the sommers test. **Results:** Based on the analysis obtained, 41 respondents in ATS 2 experienced very severe anxiety, 63 respondents in ATS 3 were severely anxious, 47 respondents in ATS 4 were moderately anxious, 10 respondents in ATS 5 were mildly anxious. The results of the sommers test showed a p value of 0.00, meaning that there was a relationship between the level of emergency of the patient and the level of anxiety of the patient's family in the emergency room of RSUD KHZ Musthafa Tasikmalaya Regency. **Conclusion:** There is a relationship between the patient's level of emergency and the level of anxiety of the patient's family at the RSUD KHZ Musthafa Tasikmalaya Regency emergency department.

Keywords: Emergency Room (ER), Triage, Anxiety