

GAMBARAN TINGKAT PENGETAHUAN, SIKAP DAN TINDAKAN MASYARAKAT TERKAIT PEMBUANGAN OBAT KEDALUWARSA DI CIJAMBE INDAH RW 06 KECAMATAN UJUNGBERUNG KOTA BANDUNG

ABSTRAK

Pengelolaan obat kedaluwarsa merupakan suatu tindakan masyarakat terhadap obat yang sudah tidak terpakai atau obat yang sudah mencapai masa kedaluwarsa. Setelah obat mencapai masa kedaluwarsa keefektifan dan keamanan obat akan berkurang. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui gambaran tingkat pengetahuan, sikap dan tindakan masyarakat di Cijambe Indah Rw 06 Kecamatan Ujungberung Kota Bandung terkait pembuangan obat kedaluwarsa di rumah. Jenis penelitian ini yaitu observasional dengan rancangan penelitian *cross sectional* yang bersifat deskriptif. Teknik pengumpulan data dilakukan dengan menyebarkan kuesioner pada masyarakat di Cijambe Indah Rw 06 Kecamatan Ujungberung Kota Bandung dan sebanyak 50 orang responden telah menanggapi survei. Hasil dari penelitian tingkat pengetahuan, sikap dan tindakan masyarakat terkait pembuangan obat kedaluwarsa di Cijambe Indah Rw 06 Kecamatan Ujungberung Kota Bandung menunjukkan bahwa : (1) Tingkat pengetahuan masyarakat termasuk dalam kategori cukup baik dengan persentase (50%). (2) Sikap masyarakat termasuk dalam kategori baik dengan persentase (72%). (3) Tindakan masyarakat termasuk dalam kategori cukup baik dengan persentase (60%). Kesimpulan dari penelitian ini yaitu sebagian besar masyarakat sudah melakukan penanganan yang cukup baik terkait pembuangan obat kedaluwarsa.

Kata kunci : Tingkat pengetahuan, sikap dan tindakan masyarakat, pengelolaan obat kedaluwarsa.

ABSTRACT

Management of expired drugs is a community action against drugs that are no longer used or drugs that have reached their expiration date. Once a drug reaches its expiration date, the effectiveness and safety of the drug will decrease. This study aims to determine the level of knowledge, attitudes and actions of the community in Cijambe Indah Rw 06, Ujungberung District, Bandung City regarding the disposal of expired drugs at home. This type of research is observational whose research design has a descriptive nature, namely cross sectional. Data collection techniques were carried out by distributing questionnaires to the community in Cijambe Indah Rw 06, Ujungberung District, Bandung City and as many as 50 respondents had responded to the survey. The results of the research on the level of knowledge, attitudes and actions of the community regarding the disposal of expired drugs in Cijambe Indah Rw 06, Ujungberung District, Bandung City show that: (1) The level of community knowledge is included in the fairly good category with a percentage (50%). (2) The attitude of the community is included in the good category with a percentage (72%). (3) Community action is categorized as good enough with a percentage (60%). The conclusion of this study is that most of the people have done a fairly good treatment regarding the disposal of expired drugs.

Keywords: *The level of knowledge, attitudes and actions of the community, management of expired drugs.*