

ABSTRAK

Peran keluarga yang memiliki lansia atau hidup bersama lansia hal pertama yang perlu diperhatikan oleh keluarga agar lansia tidak terpapar *coronavirus disease* dengan memperhatikan penerapan protokol kesehatan dengan cara memakai masker, mencuci tangan dan menjaga jarak atau menjauhi keramaian agar tidak beresiko tinggi bagi lansia (Kementerian Kesehatan RI, 2020). Tujuan: penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui Gambaran pengetahuan peran keluarga merawat lansia dalam penerapan protokol kesehatan dimasa pandemi *covid-19*. Metode: Metode penelitian deskriptif kuantitatif. Populasi dan Sampel : populasi penelitian ini keluarga di desa cigending menggunakan 42 sampel dengan Teknik total sampling. Teknik pengumpulan data : menggunakan kuesioner dalam bentuk wawancara. Analisa data menggunakan analisis univariat. Hasil : Hasil penelitian, pengetahuan peran keluarga merawat lansia dalam penerapan protokol kesehatan didapatkan sebagian kecil yaitu sebanyak 5 (12%) yang memiliki pengetahuan baik, hampir setengah yaitu sebanyak (21%) yang memiliki pengetahuan cukup dan sebagian besar yaitu sebanyak (67%) yang memiliki pengetahuan kurang. Kesimpulan : Tingkat pengetahuan keluarga di Rt/03 Rw/02 desa cigending kota bandung pada umumnya kurang. Saran : diharapkan keluarga mampu meningkatkan pemahaman tentang peran keluarga merawat lansia dalam penerapan protokol kesehatan dimasa pandemi *covid-19* dan mengaplikasikannya dalam kehidupan.

Kata kunci : Pengetahuan, Keluarga, Lansia, Protokol kesehatan, Covid-19

Daftar Pustaka : Artikel, jurnal, website

ABSTRACT

The role of families who have the elderly or live with the elderly is the first thing that families need to pay attention to so that the elderly are not exposed to coronavirus disease by paying attention to the application of health protocols by wearing masks, washing hands and keeping a distance or staying away from crowds so as not to be at high risk for the elderly (Ministry of Health of the Republic of Indonesia, 2020). Objective: This study aims to describe the knowledge of the role of families caring for the elderly in the application of health protocols during the covid-19 pandemic. Methods: Descriptive quantitative research method. Population and Sample: The population of this study was families in Cigending village using 42 samples with total sampling technique. Data collection techniques: using a questionnaire in the form of interviews. Data analysis used univariate analysis. Results: The results of the study, the knowledge of the role of families caring for the elderly in the application of health protocols obtained a small percentage, namely 5 (12%) who had good knowledge, almost half (21%) had sufficient knowledge and most of them (67%) who have less knowledge. Conclusion: The level of family knowledge in Rt/03 Rw/02 Cigending village, Bandung city is generally less. Suggestion: it is hoped that families will be able to increase their understanding of the role of families caring for the elderly in implementing health protocols during the covid-19 pandemic and applying them in life.

Keywords: Knowledge, Family, Elderly, Health protocol, Covid-19

Bibliography: Articles, journals, websites